

Exercise 5C

1 a $m = 2, (x_1, y_1) = (2, 5)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 5 = 2(x - 2)$$

$$y - 5 = 2x - 4$$

$$y = 2x + 1$$

b $m = 3, (x_1, y_1) = (-2, 1)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = 3(x - (-2))$$

$$y - 1 = 3(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 = 3x + 6$$

$$y = 3x + 7$$

c $m = -1, (x_1, y_1) = (3, -6)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-6) = -1(x - 3)$$

$$y + 6 = -x + 3$$

$$y = -x - 3$$

d $m = -4, (x_1, y_1) = (-2, -3)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-3) = -4(x - (-2))$$

$$y + 3 = -4(x + 2)$$

$$y + 3 = -4x - 8$$

$$y = -4x - 11$$

e $m = \frac{1}{2}, (x_1, y_1) = (-4, 10)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 10 = \frac{1}{2}(x - (-4))$$

$$y - 10 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 4)$$

$$y - 10 = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 12$$

f $m = -\frac{2}{3}, (x_1, y_1) = (-6, -1)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-1) = -\frac{2}{3}(x - (-6))$$

$$y + 1 = -\frac{2}{3}(x + 6)$$

$$y + 1 = -\frac{2}{3}x - 4$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 5$$

g $m = 2, (x_1, y_1) = (a, 2a)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 2a = 2(x - a)$$

$$y - 2a = 2x - 2a$$

$$y = 2x$$

h $m = -\frac{1}{2}, (x_1, y_1) = (-2b, 3b)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 3b = -\frac{1}{2}(x - (-2b))$$

$$y - 3b = -\frac{1}{2}(x + 2b)$$

$$y - 3b = -\frac{1}{2}x - b$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - b + 3b$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2b$$

2 a $(x_1, y_1) = (2, 4), (x_2, y_2) = (3, 8)$

$$\text{The gradient } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{8 - 4}{3 - 2}$$

$$= 4$$

$$\text{The equation is } y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 4 = 4(x - 2)$$

$$y - 4 = 4x - 8$$

$$y = 4x - 4$$

b $(x_1, y_1) = (0, 2), (x_2, y_2) = (3, 5)$

$$\text{The gradient } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{5 - 2}{3 - 0}$$

$$= \frac{3}{3}$$

$$= 1$$

$$\text{The equation is } y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 2 = 1(x - 0)$$

$$y - 2 = x$$

$$y = x + 2$$

2 c $(x_1, y_1) = (-2, 0), (x_2, y_2) = (2, 8)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The gradient } m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ m &= \frac{8 - 0}{2 - (-2)} \\ &= \frac{8}{4} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The equation is } y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - 0 &= 2(x - (-2)) \\ y &= 2(x + 2) \\ y &= 2x + 4 \end{aligned}$$

d $(x_1, y_1) = (5, -3), (x_2, y_2) = (7, 5)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The gradient } m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ m &= \frac{5 - (-3)}{7 - 5} \\ &= \frac{8}{2} \\ &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The equation is } y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - (-3) &= 4(x - 5) \\ y + 3 &= 4x - 20 \\ y &= 4x - 23 \end{aligned}$$

e $(x_1, y_1) = (3, -1), (x_2, y_2) = (7, 3)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The gradient } m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ m &= \frac{3 - (-1)}{7 - 3} \\ &= \frac{4}{4} \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The equation is } y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - (-1) &= 1(x - 3) \\ y + 1 &= x - 3 \\ y &= x - 4 \end{aligned}$$

f $(x_1, y_1) = (-4, -1), (x_2, y_2) = (6, 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The gradient } m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ m &= \frac{4 - (-1)}{6 - (-4)} \\ &= \frac{5}{10} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The equation is } y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - (-1) &= \frac{1}{2}(x - (-4)) \\ y + 1 &= \frac{1}{2}(x + 4) \\ y + 1 &= \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \\ y &= \frac{1}{2}x + 1 \end{aligned}$$

g $(x_1, y_1) = (-1, -5), (x_2, y_2) = (-3, 3)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The gradient } m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ m &= \frac{3 - (-5)}{-3 - (-1)} \\ &= \frac{8}{-2} \\ &= -4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The equation is } y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - (-5) &= -4(x - (-1)) \\ y + 5 &= -4(x + 1) \\ y + 5 &= -4x - 4 \\ y &= -4x - 9 \end{aligned}$$

h $(x_1, y_1) = (-4, -1), (x_2, y_2) = (-3, -9)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The gradient } m &= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \\ m &= \frac{-9 - (-1)}{-3 - (-4)} \\ &= \frac{-8}{1} \\ &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

2 h The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$
 $y - (-1) = -8(x - (-4))$
 $y + 1 = -8(x + 4)$
 $y + 1 = -8x - 32$
 $y = -8x - 33$

i $(x_1, y_1) = (\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{5}), (x_2, y_2) = (\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5})$

The gradient $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$$m = \frac{\frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5}}{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2}{5}}{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} \times 3$$

$$= \frac{6}{5}$$

The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{5}(x - \frac{1}{3})$$

$$y - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{5}x - \frac{2}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{6}{5}x$$

j $(x_1, y_1) = (-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{7}), (x_2, y_2) = (\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{7})$

The gradient $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$$m = \frac{\frac{3}{7} - \frac{1}{7}}{\frac{1}{4} - (-\frac{3}{4})}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2}{7}}{1}$$

$$= \frac{2}{7}$$

The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2}{7}(x - (-\frac{3}{4}))$$

$$y - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{5}{14}$$

3 Line passes through $(7, 2)$ and $(9, -8)$.
 $(x_1, y_1) = (7, 2), (x_2, y_2) = (9, -8)$

The gradient $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$$m = \frac{-8 - 2}{9 - 7}$$

$$= \frac{-10}{2}$$

$$= -5$$

The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - 2 = -5(x - 7)$$

$$y - 2 = -5x + 35$$

$$y + 5x - 37 = 0$$

4 For the equation of AB :

The gradient $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$$m = \frac{0 - 5}{-2 - 3}$$

$$= \frac{-5}{-5}$$

$$= 1$$

The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - 5 = 1(x - 3)$$

$$y - 5 = x - 3$$

$$y = x + 2 \text{ or } y - x - 2 = 0$$

For the equation of AC :

The gradient $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$$m = \frac{-1 - 5}{4 - 3}$$

$$= \frac{-6}{1}$$

$$= -6$$

The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - 5 = -6(x - 3)$$

$$y - 5 = -6x + 18$$

$$y = -6x + 23 \text{ or } 6x + y - 23 = 0$$

For the equation of BC :

$$(x_1, y_1) = (-2, 0), (x_2, y_2) = (4, -1)$$

4 The gradient $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$$m = \frac{-1 - 0}{4 - (-2)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}$$

The equation is $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - 0 = -\frac{1}{6}(x - (-2))$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{6}(x + 2)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{6}x - \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 6y = -x - 2$$

or $\frac{1}{6}x + y + \frac{1}{3} = 0 \Rightarrow x + 6y + 2 = 0$

5 Line through $(a, 4)$ and $(3a, 3)$.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 4}{3a - a}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2a}$$

$$x + 6y + c = 0$$

$$6y = -x - c$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{6}x - \frac{1}{6}c$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{6} = -\frac{1}{2a}, \text{ so } a = 3.$$

As $a = 3$, $(a, 4)$ is the point $(3, 4)$.

Substituting $x = 3$ and $y = 4$ into

$y = -\frac{1}{6}x - \frac{1}{6}c$ to find c :

$$4 = -\frac{1}{6}(3) - \frac{1}{6}c$$

$$24 = -3 - c$$

$$c = -27$$

$$a = 3, c = -27$$

6 Line through $(7a, 5)$ and $(3a, 3)$.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 5}{3a - 7a}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{-4a}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a}$$

6 So $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - 5 = \frac{1}{2a}(x - 7a)$$

$$2ay - 10a = x - 7a$$

$$x - 2ay + 3a = 0$$

But the equation of line l is:

$$x + by - 12 = 0$$

Therefore, $3a = -12$, $a = -4$.

Using the coefficients of x :

$$-2a = b$$

$$a = -4, b = 8$$

Challenge

a $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

b Using $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$:

$$y - y_1 = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}(x - x_1)$$

$$\frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$\frac{y - y_1}{y_2 - y_1} = \frac{x - x_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

c Passes through $(-8, 4)$ and $(-1, 7)$.

$$\frac{y - y_1}{y_2 - y_1} = \frac{x - x_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$\frac{y - 4}{7 - 4} = \frac{x - (-8)}{(-1) - (-8)}$$

$$\frac{y - 4}{3} = \frac{x + 8}{7}$$

$$y - 4 = \frac{3(x + 8)}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x + \frac{24}{7} + 4$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x + \frac{52}{7}$$